SAFETY DATA SHEET



Date of issue/Date of revision 31 May 2021 Version 20

Section 1. Identification	
Product name	: Lettering White
Product code	: 101-VL
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Product use	: Industrial applications.
Use of the substance/ mixture	: Coating. Paints. Painting-related materials.
Uses advised against	: Not applicable.
Manufacturer Emergency telephone	 PPG Industries, Inc. One PPG Place, Pittsburgh, PA 15272 : (412) 434-4515 (U.S.)
number	(514) 645-1320 (Canada) SETIQ Interior de la República: 800-00-214-00 (México) SETIQ Ciudad de México: (55) 5559-1588 (México)
Technical Phone Number	: 1-800-647-6050

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status	 This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
substance or mixture	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
	TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown acute toxicity: 33% (oral), 45.8% (dermal), 47.6% (inhalation)

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Section 2. Hazards identification

This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8).

	engineering controls (see Section 8).
GHS label elements	
Hazard pictograms	
Signal word	: Danger
Hazard statements	 Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause cancer. May damage fertility or the unborn child. Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (central nervous system (CNS))
Precautionary statements	
Prevention	: Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves, protective clothing and eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating or lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Keep container tightly closed. Do not breathe vapor. Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.
Response	: IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice or attention. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	: Sanding and grinding dusts may be harmful if inhaled. Repeated exposure to high vapor concentrations may cause irritation of the respiratory system and permanent brain and nervous system damage. Inhalation of vapor/aerosol concentrations above the recommended exposure limits causes headaches, drowsiness and nausea and may lead to unconsciousness or death. Avoid contact with skin and clothing. Wash thoroughly after handling. Emits toxic fumes when heated. DANGER - RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE SOAKED WITH THIS PRODUCT MAY SPONTANEOUSLY CATCH FIRE IF IMPROPERLY DISCARDED. IMMEDIATELY AFTER EACH USE, PLACE RAGS, STEEL WOOL OR WASTE IN A SEALED WATER-FILLED METAL CONTAINER.
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Hazards not otherwise classified

: Prolonged or repeated contact may dry skin and cause irritation.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Product name

: Lettering White

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
titanium dioxide	≥20 - ≤50	13463-67-7
Stoddard solvent	≥10 - ≤20	8052-41-3
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	≥5.0 - ≤8.3	98-56-6
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	64742-47-8
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	64742-48-9
xylene	≤1.6	1330-20-7
aluminium oxide	≥1.0 - ≤5.0	1344-28-1
ethylbenzene	<1.0	100-41-4
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	≤1.0	22464-99-9
2-butanone oxime	<1.0	96-29-7
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	<1.0	136-52-7

SUB codes represent substances without registered CAS Numbers.

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

If ingestion, irritation, any type of overexposure or symptoms of overexposure occur during or persists after use of this product, contact a POISON CONTROL CENTER, EMERGENCY ROOM OR PHYSICIAN immediately; have Safety Data Sheet information available. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious or convulsing person.

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	 Remove contact lenses, irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water, holding the eyelids apart for at least 10 minutes and seek immediate medical advice.
Inhalation	 Remove to fresh air. Keep person warm and at rest. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel.
Skin contact	 Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognized skin cleanser. Do NOT use solvents or thinners.
Ingestion	 If swallowed, seek medical advice immediately and show this container or label. Keep person warm and at rest. Do NOT induce vomiting.

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Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dryness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/s	<u>ymptoms</u>
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness dryness cracking reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: reduced fetal weight increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations
ndication of immediate	medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary
Notes to physician	 In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.

•	•
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is
	suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or
	self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to
	give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water
	before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use dry chemical, CO ₂ , water spray (fog) or foam.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: Do not use water jet.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Flammable liquid and vapor. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard.

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Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

 No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
ntainment and cleaning up
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

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Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Avoid exposure during pregnancy. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not breathe vapor or mist. Do not ingest. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Special precautions	•	Ingestion of product or cured coating may be harmful. Materials such as cleaning rags, paper wipes and protective clothing, which are contaminated with the product may spontaneously self-ignite some hours later. To avoid the risks of fires, all contaminated materials should be stored in purpose-built containers or in metal containers with tight-fitting, self-closing lids. Contaminated materials should be removed from the workplace at the end of each working day and be stored outside. If this material is part of a multiple component system, read the Safety Data Sheet(s) for the other component or components before blending as the resulting mixture may have the hazards of all of its parts.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	-	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Do not store below the following temperature: 5°C (41°F). Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
utanium dioxide	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
Stoddard solvent	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 525 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 2900 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 500 ppm 8 hours.
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	IPEL (-).
	TWA: 0.57 ppm
	STEL: 1.71 ppm
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	Absorbed through skin.
	TWA: 200 mg/m³, (as total hydrocarbon
	vapor) 8 hours.
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	None.
xylene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
,	STEL: 651 mg/m ³ 15 minutes.
	STEL: 150 ppm 15 minutes.
	TWA: 434 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
aluminium oxide	ACGIH TLV (United States).
	TWA: 3 mg/m ³ Form: Respirable
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable
	fraction
	TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 1/2007).
	TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
ethylbenzene	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 435 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
	TWA: 100 ppm 8 hours.
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020).
,	STEL: 10 mg/m³, (as Zr) 15 minutes.
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours.
	OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
	TWA: 5 mg/m ³ , (as Zr) 8 hours.
2-butanone oxime	IPEL (-).
	TWA: 3 ppm
	STEL: 9 ppm
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)		ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2020). Skin sensitizer. Inhalation sensitizer. TWA: 0.02 mg/m ³ , (as Co) 8 hours.			
·	Key to abbreviations	·			
C = Ceiling Limit F = Fume IPEL = Internal Permissible Expo OSHA = Occupational Safety and H R = Respirable	ak Governmental Industrial Hygienists. sure Limit Health Administration. 9 Subpart Z - Toxic and Hazardous Substances	S= Potential skin absorptionSR= Respiratory sensitizationSS= Skin sensitizationSTEL= Short term Exposure limit valuesTD= Total dustTLV= Threshold Limit ValueTWA= Time Weighted Average			
Recommended monitoring procedures	the ventilation or other control measur protective equipment. Reference sho	nay be required to determine the effectiveness of res and/or the necessity to use respiratory uld be made to appropriate monitoring standards. nents for methods for the determination of			
Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure	other engineering controls to keep wo recommended or statutory limits. The vapor or dust concentrations below ar ventilation equipment.	se process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or rker exposure to airborne contaminants below any e engineering controls also need to keep gas, ny lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof pocess equipment should be checked to ensure			
controls	they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.				
Individual protection measure	<u>S</u>				
Hygiene measures	eating, smoking and using the lavator Appropriate techniques should be use Contaminated work clothing should no	bughly after handling chemical products, before y and at the end of the working period. ed to remove potentially contaminated clothing. ot be allowed out of the workplace. Wash Ensure that eyewash stations and safety location.			
Eye/face protection	: Chemical splash goggles.				
Skin protection					
Hand protection	worn at all times when handling chem necessary. Considering the paramete during use that the gloves are still reta noted that the time to breakthrough fo	s complying with an approved standard should be ical products if a risk assessment indicates this is ers specified by the glove manufacturer, check aining their protective properties. It should be or any glove material may be different for different nixtures, consisting of several substances, the e accurately estimated.			
Gloves	: butyl rubber				

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Body protection	: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.
Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator. If workers are exposed to concentrations above the exposure limit, they must use appropriate, certified respirators. Use a properly fitted, air-purifying or air-fed respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. The respiratory protection shall be in accordance to 29 CFR 1910.134.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: White.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: >37.78°C (>100°F)
Flash point	: Closed cup: 38°C (100.4°F)
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive (flammable) limits	: Not available.
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.39
Density(lbs / gal)	: 11.6
Solubility	: Partially soluble in the following materials: cold water.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not applicable.
Viscosity	: ₭nematic (40°C (104°F)): >21 mm²/s (>21 cSt)
Volatility	: 43% (v/v), 27.534% (w/w)
% Solid. (w/w)	: 72.466

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: When exposed to high temperatures may produce hazardous decomposition products. Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.
Incompatible materials	: Keep away from the following materials to prevent strong exothermic reactions: oxidizing agents, strong alkalis, strong acids.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Depending on conditions, decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon oxides halogenated compounds carbonyl halides metal oxide/oxides

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
titanium dioxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	>6.82 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5000 mg/kg	-
Stoddard solvent	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	33080 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>2.7 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	13 g/kg	-
Naphtha (petroleum),	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5000 mg/kg	-
hydrotreated heavy				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>6 g/kg	-
xylene	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	1.7 g/kg	-
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4.3 g/kg	-
aluminium oxide	LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists	Rat	7.6 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>15900 mg/kg	-
ethylbenzene	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	17.8 mg/l	4 hours
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	17.8 g/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3.5 g/kg	-
2-ethylhexanoic acid,	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
zirconium salt				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	>5 g/kg	-
2-butanone oxime	LD50 Oral	Rat	930 mg/kg	-
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	>5 g/kg	-
· · · · · · ·	LD50 Oral	Rat	3129 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Product/ingredient name	Result			Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
xylene	Skin - Moc	erate irritar	nt	Rabbit	-	24 hours 50 mg	0 -
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There are	e no data av	vailable	on the mixtu	ure itself.		
Eyes	: There are	e no data av	vailable	on the mixtu	ure itself.		
Respiratory	: There are	e no data av	vailable	on the mixtu	ure itself.		
<u>Sensitization</u>							
Conclusion/Summary							
Skin	: There are	e no data av	vailable	on the mixtu	ure itself.		
Respiratory	: There are	e no data av	vailable	on the mixtu	ure itself.		
<u>Mutagenicity</u>							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	e no data av	vailable	on the mixtu	ure itself.		
Carcinogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	e no data av	vailable	on the mixtu	ure itself.		
<u>Classification</u>			_				
Product/ingredient name OSHA IARC NTP							
titanium dioxide	-	2B	-				
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene - 2B -							
xylene ethylbenzene	-	3 2B	-				
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)		2B 2B	- Reaso	nably anticip	ated to be a	human carcinog	en
Carcinogen Classification		=_					-
IARC: 1, 2A, 2B, 3, NTP: Known to b OSHA: + Not listed/not regu	, 4 e a human carc	inogen; Reas	sonably a	inticipated to b	e a human card	cinogen	
Reproductive toxicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	no data av	ailable	on the mixtu	re itself.		
eratogenicity							
Conclusion/Summary	: There are	no data av	ailable	on the mixtu	re itself.		
pecific target organ toxicity	<u>(single exp</u>	<u>osure)</u>					
		-		Category	Rout	e of T	arget organs
Name					expo		
Name							
				Category 3	_	R	espiratory tract
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene				Category 3	-		espiratory tract ritation
	ated heavy			Category 3 Category 3	-	in R	itation espiratory tract
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	ated heavy			0,1	-	irı R iri	ritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Stoddard solvent	Category 1	-	central nervous system (CNS)
ethylbenzene	Category 2	-	hearing organs

Target organs

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: brain, central nervous system (CNS).

Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs, the nervous system, liver, upper respiratory tract, skin, adrenal, eye, lens or cornea, testes.

Aspiration hazard

	Name		Result			
	Stoddard solvent		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			
	Distillates (petroleum), hydrotro	eated light	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			
	Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			
	xylene		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			
	ethylbenzene		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1			
l	nformation on the likely route	s of exposure				
	Potential acute health effects					
	Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.				
	Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical ha	zards.			
	Skin contact	: Defatting to the skin. May cause skin dry reaction.	ness and irritation. May cause an allergic skin			
	Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical ha	zards.			
	Over-exposure signs/sympto	<u>ms</u>				
	Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the follow pain or irritation watering	wing:			
		redness				
	Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the follow reduced fetal weight	wing:			
		increase in fetal deaths skeletal malformations				
	Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the follo	wing:			
	Skill Contact	irritation	wing.			
		redness				
		dryness				
		cracking				
		reduced fetal weight				
		increase in fetal deaths				
		skeletal malformations				
	Ingestion	: Adverse symptoms may include the follow	wing:			
		reduced fetal weight				
		increase in fetal deaths				
_		skeletal malformations	the sector sector sector			
Ľ	<u>pelayed and immediate effects</u>	s and also chronic effects from short and	a long term exposure			

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Conclusion/Summary	There are no data available on the mixture itself. This product contains TiO2 which has been classified as a GHS Carcinogen Category 2 based on its IARC 2B classification. For many PPG products, TiO2 is utilized as a raw material in a liquid coating formulation. In this case, the TiO2 particles are bound in a matrix with no meaningful potential for human exposure to unbound particles of TiO2 when the product is applied with a brush or roller. Sanding the coating surface or mist from spray applications may be harmful depending on the duration and level of exposure and require the use of appropriate personal protective equipment and/or engineering controls (see Section 8). Exposure to component solvent vapor concentrations in excess of the stated occupational exposure limit may result in adverse health effects such as mucous membrane and respiratory system irritation and adverse effects on the kidneys, liver and central nervous system. Symptoms and signs include headache, dizziness, fatigue, muscular weakness, drowsiness and, in extreme cases, loss of consciousness. Solvents may cause some of the above effects by absorption through the skin. There is some evidence that repeated exposure to organic solvent vapors in combination with constant loud noise can cause greater hearing loss than expected from exposure to noise alone. If splashed in the eyes, the liquid may cause irritation and reversible damage. Ingestion may cause nausea, diarrhea and vomiting. This takes into account, where known, delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects of components from short-term and long-term exposure by oral, inhalation and dermal routes of exposure and eye contact.
<u>Short term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
<u>Long term exposure</u>	
Potential immediate effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential delayed effects	: There are no data available on the mixture itself.
Potential chronic health eff	e <u>cts</u>
General	 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged or repeated contact can defat the skin and lead to irritation, cracking and/or dermatitis. Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to very low levels.
Carcinogenicity	: May cause cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and level of exposure.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity	: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/ kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapors) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/ I)
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Product name Lettering White					
Section 11. Toxicological	information				
Lettering White	205502.5	14637.9	N/A	411.7	56.1
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	13000	2500	N/A	33.08	N/A
xylene	4300	1700	N/A	11	1.5
aluminium oxide	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	7.6
ethylbenzene	3500	17800	N/A	17.8	1.5
2-butanone oxime	930	1100	N/A	N/A	N/A
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	3129	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
titanium dioxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours
aluminium oxide	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
ethylbenzene	Acute LC50 150 to 200 mg/l Fresh water	Fish	96 hours
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	Acute LC50 >100 mg/l	Fish	96 hours

Persistence and degradability

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	-	-	Readily
xylene ethylbenzene	-	-	Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Stoddard solvent	3.16 to 7.06	-	high
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	-	159	low
xylene	3.12	7.4 to 18.5	low
ethylbenzene	3.6	79.43	low
2-butanone oxime	0.63	5.01	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Product name Lettering White

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees. Section 6. Accidental release measures

14. Transport information

	DOT	IMDG	ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1263	UN1263	UN1263	
UN proper shipping name	PAINT	PAINT	PAINT	
Transport hazard class (es)	3	3	3	
Packing group	Ш	Ш	Ш	
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	
Marine pollutant substances	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	
Product RQ (lbs)	7134.9	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	
RQ substances	(xylene)	Not applicable.	Not applicable.	

Additional information

- **DOT** : This product may be re-classified as "Combustible Liquid," unless transported by vessel or aircraft. Non-bulk packages (less than or equal to 119 gal) of combustible liquids are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity.
- **IMDG** : None identified.
- IATA : None identified.

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

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Product name Lettering White	•			
4. Transport inform	ation			
ransport in bulk according : I o IMO instruments	Not applicable.			
Section 15. Regulato	ry informa	tion		
nited States				
nited States inventory (TSCA 8b	<i>.</i> .	•		
United States - TSCA 5(a)2 - Fi #-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene SARA 302/304	nal significant n	ew use rules:	Listed	40 CFR 799.5089
	lot applicable.			
Composition/information on in				
No products were found.				
SARA 311/312				
EN Sł C/ TC Sł		Category 2A ON - Category 1 Y - Category 1B DUCTION - Category 1B 「ORGAN TOXICITY (REPE	ATED EXPOSUF	RE) - Category 1
Composition/information on in	g <u>redients</u>			
Name	%	Classification		
Manium dioxide Stoddard solvent	≥20 - ≤50 ≥10 - ≤20	CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED EXPOSURE) - Category 1 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant		
4-chloro-α,α,α-trifluorotoluene	≥5.0 - ≤8.3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS SKIN IRRITATION - Cate EYE IRRITATION - Cate CARCINOGENICITY - C SPECIFIC TARGET OR (Respiratory tract irritation)	- Category 3 egory 2 egory 2A Category 2 GAN TOXICITY (on) - Category 3	SINGLE EXPOSURE)

HNOC - Defatting irritant Distillates (petroleum), ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 **ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1** hydrotreated light Naphtha (petroleum), ≥1.0 - ≤5.0 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 hydrotreated heavy EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1 HNOC - Defatting irritant xylene ≤1.6 FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3 ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4

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Product name Lettering White

Section 15. Regulatory information

		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE)
		(Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
ethylbenzene	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
		SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (REPEATED
		EXPOSURE) - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
		HNOC - Defatting irritant
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium	≤1.0	COMBUSTIBLE DUSTS
salt		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 2
2-butanone oxime	<1.0	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4
		ACUTE TOXICITY (dermal) - Category 4
		SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE - Category 1
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2
cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	<1.0	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1A
		CARCINOGENICITY - Category 1B
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Category 1B

SARA 313

	Chemical name	<u>CAS number</u>	Concentration
Supplier notification	: xylene	1330-20-7	0.5 - 1.5
	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	0.1 - 1
	cobalt bis(2-ethylhexanoate)	136-52-7	0.1 - 1

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

Additional environmental information is contained on the Environmental Data Sheet for this product, which can be obtained from your PPG representative.

California Prop. 65

WARNING: Cancer - www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Section 16. Other information

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Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)
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Health : 2 * Flammability : 2 Physical hazards : 0

(*) - Chronic effects

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on MSDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)

Product name Lettering White

Section 16. Other information

Health : 2 Flammab	pility : 2 Instability : 0
Date of previous issue	: 7/31/2020
Organization that prepared the SDS	: EHS
Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Air Transport Association IBC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Disclaimer

The information contained in this data sheet is based on present scientific and technical knowledge. The purpose of this information is to draw attention to the health and safety aspects concerning the products supplied by PPG, and to recommend precautionary measures for the storage and handling of the products. No warranty or guarantee is given in respect of the properties of the products. No liability can be accepted for any failure to observe the precautionary measures described in this data sheet or for any misuse of the products.